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문제 1. 밑줄 친 단어의 의미와 가장 유사한 것은?

Government officials in the United States are closely watching the stupendous success achieved by Canadian farmers in building up the great elevator system and the merchandising and disposal of Canada's 400,000,000 wheat crop.

- ① meager ② tremendous
③ strenuous ④ unflagging

문제 2. 빈칸에 가장 적절한 표현은?

The ATM machine outside a bank, which supplies cash or account information when the user inserts a cash card and keys in an identification number, will _____ the need for banks and other financial intermediaries in the near future.

- ① part with ② tamper with
③ dispense with ④ get through with

문제 3. 다음 우리말 영작이 올바른 것은?

- ① 인생에 있어서 최고의 행복은 우리가 사랑 받고 있음을 확인하는 것이다.
→ Life's greatest happiness is to be convincing we are loved.
- ② 마을 사람들은 불에 의해 숲이 파괴되는 것을 막는 것을 돕는 데에 동의했다.
→ Villagers agreed to help to prevent the forest from destroying by fire.
- ③ 그의 이름을 다시 대중들에게 널리 알리고는, 그는 다시 시장으로 당선되었다.
→ With his name once again known to the public, he was elected mayor again.
- ④ 잠시 후에, 그녀의 머리 뒤에 있는 창문에 몇 번의 노크소리가 들렸다.
→ A few moments later, there was a few knocks at the window behind her head.

문제 4. 다음 대화 중 어색한 것은?

- ① A: Your pie is really delicious. It seems you really have a talent for baking.
B: Don't put me on. I just go with my instincts.
- ② A: Did you bring my book?
B: I am very sorry. I've been there myself.
- ③ A: I'm sorry for getting angry at you last night. I didn't mean to.
B: That's okay. I've already put it behind me.
- ④ A: Speak of the devil.
B: What? Did you speak ill of me again?

문제 5. 다음 중 어법이 바르게 사용된 것을 고르시오.

Dictionary.com added a new batch of words. Like every group of additions to the dictionary, the new entries reflect ①what English speakers are interested in right now. For example, if you don't feel like ②to label yourself a Mr. or a Ms. and would rather ③to leave your gender ④unknownly, Mx. (pronounced like mix) is a gender-neutral option.

문제 6. 다음 글의 주제로 가장 적절한 것은?

If there is a silver lining to the dark clouds of Asia's financial crisis it might well turn out to be an invigorated commitment to fighting corruption. The intensity of hardship caused by the crisis seems to have reduced the level of tolerance for the economic costs and inefficiencies imposed by graft. Most diagnoses of the crisis point to corruption as a primary culprit and to its eradication as a key remedy. Corruption is an insidious virus that infects, to varying degrees, every nation in the world. It eats away at the structural foundations of economies, creating a honeycomb of added costs throughout the entire business environment. When the outcomes of business transactions are being determined by bribery, influence-peddling and favoritism, rather than by sound business decisions and market forces, the entire economy pays a price. Corruption exacts a heavy penalty on every segment of society; laborer and business owner, public official and private citizen. It acts very much like a tax on public projects, adding, according to some estimates, as much as 30 percent to the cost.

- ① the financial crisis in Asia
② the future prospects of the Asian economy
③ the consequences of corruption
④ the psychological effect of corruption on people



문제 7. 다음 중 본문의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것은?

When their children begin talking about dieting, most parents smile and do not worry. In figure-conscious America, it is quite natural for young people to desire a slim figure. However, for some teenagers, dieting is no laughing matter. For them, dieting is not a momentary whim that will be pursued and forgotten. Instead, it is the symptom of a serious emotional disorder called anorexia nervosa, a disease that even cause fatal consequence. The disease usually strikes adolescent girls who have no reason to diet. They are not overweight. They are not preparing to take part in specialized sports activities requiring a slimmer figure. They have not been told to diet by their doctors. They stop eating just because they believe they are fat. Determined to have the imaginary figure, they refuse to eat. Some teenagers who are obsessed with the need to diet seek psychiatric treatment because they, or their parents realize that the diet is leading to starvation. Others do not seek treatment but simply begin eating normally again on their own. However, because the disease comes in waves, or bouts, a few victims manage to keep it a secret and so avoid both exposure and treatment. Unluckily, members of this group are in the most serious danger. Although they may be able to keep their secret right in to adulthood, the disease, if untreated, almost always goes out of control, with tragic results. In fact, some victims, like singer Karen Carpenter, die from the physical effects of starvation.

- ① If American teenage children are considering dieting, most parents will not think it's a risky practice.
- ② Some teenage girls have a tendency to unreasonably believe they are overweight.
- ③ Teenagers suffering from anorexia nervosa sometimes manage to eat normally again on their own.
- ④ Famous singers and film stars who want to keep slimmer are most likely to be the victim of anorexia nervosa.

문제 8. 주어진 글 다음에 이어질 글의 순서로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

Cultural characteristics are not only passed from parents to children, but may be passed on from any one individual to another by word of mouth or by writing.

- (A) Like those infectious diseases, cultural habits such as pop music preferences and clothing fashions may spread very quickly nowadays, especially through the media of radio and television.
- (B) So some cultural changes may be adopted quite quickly by a whole population. Transmission of culture is rather like transmission of an infection. Flu and colds spread very quickly, especially with the large amount of contact that people now have with each other.

(C) However, other deep-rooted cultural characteristics of races and racial subgroups are much more difficult to change. These are the cultural patterns that are so resistant to alteration that they have the appearance of being inherent.

- ① (C) - (B) - (A) ② (B) - (A) - (C)
- ③ (B) - (C) - (A) ④ (C) - (A) - (B)

문제 9. 다음 글의 빈칸 (A), (B)에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?

When we examine individual behavior and the impact of perception on that behavior, it is important to remember that people see what they either want to see or are trained to see. (A) ____, in terms of human relations, the manager must try to understand the worker's perception of reality. Employees willingly accept management's methods only when they perceive those methods to be in the employees' best interests. Otherwise, they will resort to such perceptual traps as selective perception and stereotyping. (B) ____, Harvey Lester, a new employee, has been having trouble mastering his new job. His boss, Lois, tells him that if he does not improve, she will have to let him go. Feeling that he is on the verge of being fired, Harvey quits. What Lois saw as a mild warning designed to improve output is interpreted as a threat resulting in a resignation. Each party interpreted the action differently.

- ① Therefore - For example ② Therefore - Instead
- ③ However - For example ④ However - In contrast

문제 10. 다음 빈칸에 알맞은 것을 고르시오.

A leading psychiatrist has come out in defense of teenage aggression and the generation gap and advised parents to stop copying teenagers in dress and action. Dr. Jonathan Gray, consultant psychiatrist at London Royal Hospital for Sick Children, told senior public school heads meeting yesterday: "Parents who dress like their adolescent children are an embarrassment to them." And he outlined some of the most common cases where parents invited rather than avoided problems with their children. One example was that of a middle-aged mother who would dress up jeans and a tee-shirt to accompany her adolescent daughter to a discotheque. The daughter was almost certain to end up finding a boyfriend and marrying long before her mother gave up going to disco. "Her daughter will grow up and achieve maturity before her mother," said Dr. Gray. He pointed out the adolescents need and respect a degree of pressure and control from parents even though they will bitterly resent it, and he advised parents _____.

- ① not to punish their children
- ② not to exaggerate the problems
- ③ to set and stick to firm rules
- ④ to stop talking with their children