

2022년도 시험 대비  
공무원 9급 공개경쟁채용 필기시험  
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제 6 회

문제책형

(시험 과목)

제2과목

영어

응시자 주의사항

- 시험시작 전에 시험문제를 열람하는 행위나 시험종료 후 답안을 작성하는 행위를 한 사람은 「공무원임용시험령」 제51조에 의거 부정행위자로 처리됩니다.
- 답안지 책형 표기는 시험시작 전 감독관의 지시에 따라 문제책 앞면에 인쇄된 책형을 확인한 후, 답안지 책형란의 해당 책형(1개)에 “●”와 같이 표기하여야 합니다.
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김수환 영어

## 제 6 회

문 1. 밑줄 친 부분의 의미와 가장 가까운 것은?

Mr. Lee was so gullible that he believed even the most outlandish excuses of his insincere employees

- ① intelligent
- ② naive
- ③ dishonest
- ④ critical

※ 밑줄 친 부분에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오. [문 2. ~ 문 4.]

문 2. Experts at the art gallery discovered that one of their paintings, which they had thought was a \_\_\_\_\_ Picasso, was actually just a copy.

- ① genuine
- ② severe
- ③ logical
- ④ portable

문 3. Cell phones have become a permanent \_\_\_\_\_ in modern society. Most people could not imagine living without one.

- ① clasp
- ② stint
- ③ fixture
- ④ rupture

문 4. Chronic remorse, as all the moralists are agreed, is a most undesirable sentiment. If you have behaved badly, repent, make what amends you can and address yourself to the task of behaving better next time. On no account \_\_\_\_\_ your wrongdoing. Rolling in the muck is not the best way of getting clean.

- ① own up to
- ② pass over
- ③ boil down to
- ④ brood over

문 5. 밑줄 친 부분의 의미와 가장 가까운 것은?

Modern tyrannies promote the contentment and obedience of their subjects by ruthlessly keeping troubling ideas out of their books and minds. Censorship can place people in bondage more efficiently than chains.

- ① approval
- ② suppression
- ③ censure
- ④ cooperation

※ 우리말을 영어로 잘못 옮긴 것을 고르시오. [문 6. ~ 문 7.]

문 6. ① Zachary 관리직에 경험이 많이 부족하지만 그는 고집이 웬 청년으로 지원 철회를 완강히 거부하고 있다.

→ Although Zachary is much too inexperienced for the managerial position, he is a willful young man and obdurately refuses to withdraw his application.

② 심판에 대한 야구선수의 앙심이 자신의 짓궂은 말로 미디어에 드러났고 이는 심판의 경력을 망칠뻔했다.

→ The baseball player's malice toward the referee was revealed in his spiteful remarks to the media, where almost ruined the referee's career.

③ 사람들은 소심한 Bob이 스카이다이빙을 시작했다는 것을 들었을 때, 그들은 믿을 수 없었다.

→ When people heard that timid Bob had taken up skydiving, they were incredulous.

④ 수상 소식에 흥분한 Marcia는 연단에 올라 활기찬 수상 소감을 전했다.

→ Excited about winning the award, Marcia walked up to the podium and delivered an animated acceptance speech.

문 7. ① 유독성 폐기물 투기에 대한 뉴스는 뉴스 방송의 많은 시청자들의 분노를 불러일으켰다.

→ The news about toxic waste dumping aroused the anger of many viewers of the news broadcast.

② 이 새로운 선적 및 수용 건물은 널찍한 시설로 우리의 점점 커지는 요구를 충족시킬 만큼 충분히 크다.

→ The new shipping and receiving building is an expansive facility, large enough to meet our growing needs.

③ 변호사들은 이번 판결이 자신들의 주장에 너무나 불리한 것으로 판명 되었기 때문에 승소할 수 없다고 확신했다.

→ The attorneys were certain they could not win the case, because the ruling had proved to be so detrimental to their argument.

④ 열대우림의 공기가 습해 더위가 전보다 훨씬 더 질식시키는 것처럼 보이게 했다.

→ The air in the rainforest was humid, making the heat seeming even more smothering than before.

문 8. 어법상 옳은 것은?

① To read critically, you must slow down your reading and, with pencil in hand, performing specific operations on the text.

② Compounds such as DDT and toxaphene have been found in remote places alike the Yukon and other Arctic regions.

③ Cosmetic plastic surgery can have dangerous side effects, and some of which can be fatal.

④ Americans are eager to make their bodies as perfect as possible and to minimize the visible signs of aging.

## 문 9. 다음 글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것은?

Once people wore garlic around their necks to ward off disease. Today, most Americans would scoff at the idea of wearing a necklace of garlic cloves to enhance their well-being. However, you might find a number of Americans willing to ingest capsules of pulverized garlic or other herbal supplements in the name of health. Complementary and alternative medicine, such as herbs, homeopathy, massage therapy, yoga, and acupuncture, hold increasing appeal for Americans. In fact, according to one estimate, 42% of Americans have used alternative therapies. In all age groups, the use of unconventional healthcare practices has steadily increased in the last 30 years, and the trend is likely to continue. Why have so many patients turned to alternative therapies? Many are frustrated by the time constraints and alienated by conventional medicine's focus on technology. Others seek therapies that relieve symptoms associated with chronic disease; symptoms that mainstream medicine cannot treat. Some alternative therapies have even crossed the line into mainstream medicine, as scientific investigation has confirmed their safety and efficacy. For example, physicians may currently prescribe acupuncture for pain management. Additionally, many U.S. medical schools teach courses in alternative therapies.

\* homeopathy 동종 요법

(질병과 비슷한 증상을 일으키는 물질을 극소량 사용하여 병을 치료하는 방법)

- ① A Big Business in the United States: Alternative Medicine
- ② Alternative Medicine becoming popular, accepted, practiced
- ③ The Problem With Alternative Medicine
- ④ Safe and Effective Alternative Medicine

## 문 10. 주어진 글 다음에 이어질 글의 순서로 가장 적절한 것은?

9/11 was one of the most important turning points in modern world history. Bin Laden was no doubt motivated by far more than a dislike for globalization and American primacy. Bin Laden's vision was one that pointed back to a golden age of Islam rather than forward to something modern.

- (A) Indeed, the fact that he threatened to use the most modern and dangerous weapons, weapons of mass destructions, to achieve his objectives made him a very modern threat, one that could not be dealt with by the kind of traditional means developed during the Cold War.
- (B) As the administration of George W. Bush constantly reiterated, this new danger meant that old strategies, such as containment and deterrence, were no longer relevant. If this was the beginning of a new 'global war on terrorism,' as some seemed to argue at the time, then it was one unlikely to be fought using policies and methods learned between 1947 and 1989.
- (C) That said, his chosen method of attacking the United States using four airplanes, his use of video to communicate with followers, his employment of the global financial system to fund operations, and his primary goal of driving the United States out of the Middle East could hardly be described as medieval. U.S. policy makers certainly did not regard him as some odd throwback to earlier times.

- |                   |                   |
|-------------------|-------------------|
| ① (A) - (B) - (C) | ② (A) - (C) - (B) |
| ③ (C) - (A) - (B) | ④ (C) - (B) - (A) |

## 문 11. 밑줄 친 부분에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?

A: Today's guest is Nakamura from Japan. Welcome, Nakamura.  
 B: Hi, Nick.  
 A: Nakamura, I've been told that you've traveled a lot and you've done some unusual things.  
 B: Yes. Well, for one thing, I've gone swimming with sharks. Twice!  
 A: What?!  
 B: Swimming with sharks.  
 A: For real? And you didn't find that scary?  
 B: Well, I didn't do it alone. I was with a group. But swimming so close to the sharks was really thrilling.  
 A: And what else?  
 B: \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A: I'll bet it was really cold.  
 B: It was. But I was really thrilled to be standing on the top of the world.

- ① I explored the whole arctic region
- ② I climbed Mount Everest
- ③ I ran a marathon at 40 degrees below zero
- ④ I did ice diving

## 문 12. 두 사람의 대화 중 가장 어색한 것은?

- ① A: Why are you home early?  
 B: I am feeling a bit under the weather.
- ② A: Let's have a drink tonight!  
 B: I'm afraid I'll take a rain check.
- ③ A: This beautiful vase was homemade.  
 B: You were all thumbs.
- ④ A: That guy gave me a real snow job.  
 B: If I had known the truth, I never would have given him the money.

## 문 13. 다음 글의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것은?

Theodore Roosevelt was born with asthma and poor eyesight, yet this sickly child later won fame as a political leader, a Rough Rider, and a hero of the common people. To conquer his handicaps, Teddy trained in a gym and became a lightweight boxer at Harvard. Out west, he hunted buffalo and ran a cattle ranch. Back east, he became a civil service reformer and police commissioner. He served as Assistant Secretary of the Navy under President William McKinley during the Spanish-American War. Also, he led a charge of cavalry Rough Riders up San Juan Hill in Cuba. After achieving fame, he became governor of New York and went on to become the vice president. When McKinley was assassinated, Theodore Roosevelt became the youngest president at age 42. He is famous for his motto, "Speak softly and carry a big stick." Roosevelt battled for meat inspection and pure-food laws. Also, he wanted to save the forests and break the grip that big business had on steel and oil. Roosevelt persuaded the diplomats of warring Russia and Japan to make peace.

- ① He overcame his health problems by working out.  
 ② He assumed the presidency at age 42 after McKinley stepped down.  
 ③ He hoped to preserve the nation's natural resources.  
 ④ He served as a mediator to end a war between Russia and Japan.

## 문 14. 다음 글의 흐름상 적절하지 않은 문장은?

We're social animals, after all. ① In Maslow's hierarchy of needs, as soon as our basic needs—food, shelter, and safety—are met, the first thing we seek is companionship. ② Research on human flourishing confirms that cultivating meaningful relationships through institutions like work, religious communities, and marriage enhances our well-being, and is associated with better health and longer life expectancy. ③ With trees as your neighbors and the wide, open spaces of the great outdoors to explore, we can see why camping is popular. ④ Even spending time on simple, low-cost pleasures, like attending an exercise class or drinking a cold beer with friends, can produce small, frequent boosts in mood and facilitate social connections.

## 문 15. 어법상 옳지 않은 것은?

- ① In special cases, needy people who have nowhere else to go permit to enter the United States as refugees.
- ② The use of desktop computer equipment and software to create high-quality documents is called Desktop Publishing.
- ③ If not disposed of in puncture-resistant containers, sharp objects can injure sanitation workers.
- ④ The research is devoted to finding improved treatments for serious bacterial, fungal, and viral infections.

※ 밑줄 친 부분에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오. [문 16. ~ 문 17.]

## 문 16.

The attitude of diners toward the knife, going back to the Middle Ages and the Renaissance, had always been \_\_\_\_\_. The knife served as a utensil, but it offered a potential threat because it was also a weapon. Thus taboos were increasingly placed upon its use: It was to be held by the point with the blunt handle presented, it was not to be placed anywhere near the face, and most important, the uses to which it was put were sharply restricted. It was not to be used for cutting soft foods such as boiled eggs or fish, or round ones such as potatoes, or to be lifted from the table for courses that did not need it. In short, good table manners in Europe gradually removed the threatening aspect of the knife from social occasions.

- ① didactic  
 ② unequivocal  
 ③ ambivalent  
 ④ congenial

## 문 17.

In the most primitive sense, war in man is an expression of his extreme competitive impulses. Like everything else in nature, he has had to fight for existence; but the battle against other animals, once won, \_\_\_\_\_ battle against his own kind. Darwin called it natural selection; Spencer called it the survival of the fittest; and its most overstretched interpretation is to be found in Mein Kampf, with its naked glorification of brute force and the complete worship of might makes right. In the political and national sense, it has been the attempt of "have-nots" to take from the "haves," or the attempt of the "haves" to add further to their lot at the expense of the "have-nots."

- ① gave way to  
 ② made up for  
 ③ stood for  
 ④ ruled out

## 문 18. 다음 글의 요지로 가장 적절한 것은?

An ecosystem is a group of animals and plants living in a specific region and interacting with one another and with their physical environment. Ecosystems include physical and chemical components, such as soils, water, and nutrients. These components support the organisms living in the ecosystem. Ecosystems can also be thought of as the interactions among all organisms in a given habitat. These organisms may range from large animals to microscopic bacteria and work together in various ways. For example, one species may serve as food for another. People are part of the ecosystems where they live and work. Human activities, such as housing developments and trash disposal, can greatly harm or even destroy local ecosystems. Therefore, proper ecosystem management is crucial for the overall health and diversity of our planet.

- ① People must reduce, reuse and recycle their items.
- ② Economic development is important to the health of ecosystem.
- ③ Ecosystems have been badly managed until now.
- ④ The management and protection of ecosystem is essential for the health and diversity of natural system

## 문 20. 주어진 문장이 들어갈 위치로 가장 적절한 것은?

From the blind's point of view, however, a flat, open surface is not negotiable because there are no orientating signals.

What the blind find difficult are smooth, open spaces. It is just these areas which are assumed by many sighted people to be best for the blind, because there is no danger of tripping. (①) There is no structure and it is not predictable, because it may end at any moment, and there is no way of telling where you are, once you are on it. (②) The problem for the blind is not falling over, but knowing where he is. (③) For this reason, it is easier to find my way around a campus which is marked out by steps, little hills and valleys, low walls and lots of changes in texture, because I can mark out my route with sections. (④) The structure becomes a sequence when I am moving through it.

## 문 19. (A)와 (B)에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?

Polls help political candidates detect public preferences. Supporters of polling insist that it is a tool for democracy. With it, they say, policy makers can keep in touch with changing opinions on the issues. No longer do politicians have to wait until the next election to see if the public approves or disapproves of the government's course. If the poll results suddenly turn, government officials can make corresponding midcourse corrections. \_\_\_\_\_ (A) \_\_\_\_\_, it was George Gallup's fondest hope that polling could contribute to the democratic process by providing a way for public desires to be felt at times other than elections. Critics of polling, \_\_\_\_\_ (B) \_\_\_\_\_, think it makes politicians more concerned with the following than leading. Polls might have told the Constitutional Convention delegates that the Constitution was unpopular, or told Jefferson that people did not want the Louisiana Purchase. Certainly they would have told William Seward not to buy Alaska, known widely at the time as "Seward's Folly." Polls may thus discourage bold leadership.

(A)

(B)

- |           |             |
|-----------|-------------|
| ① Indeed  | for example |
| ② However | for example |
| ③ Indeed  | by contrast |
| ④ However | by contrast |