

2022년도 시험 대비
공무원 9급 공개경쟁채용 필기시험
동형 모의고사

제 4 회

응시번호	
성명	

문제책형

【시험 과목】

제2과목
영 어

응시자 주의사항

1. 시험시작 전에 시험문제를 열람하는 행위나 시험종료 후 답안을 작성하는 행위를 한 사람은 「공무원임용시험령」제51조에 의거 부정행위자로 처리됩니다.
 2. 답안지 책형 표기는 시험시작 전 감독관의 지시에 따라 문제책 앞면에 인쇄된 책형을 확인한 후, 답안지 책형란의 해당 책형(1개)에 “●”와 같이 표기하여야 합니다.
 3. 시험이 시작되면 문제를 주의깊게 읽은 후, 문항의 취지에 가장 적합한 하나의 정답을 고르며, 문제 내용에 관한 질문은 하실 수 없습니다.
 4. 답안을 잘못 표기하였을 경우에는 답안지를 교체하여 작성하거나 수정테이프만을 사용하여 수정할 수 있으며(수정액 또는 수정스티커 등은 사용 불가), 부착된 수정테이프가 떨어지지 않도록 눌러주어야 합니다.
 - 불량 수정테이프의 사용과 불완전한 수정처리로 인해 발생하는 모든 문제는 응시자 본인에게 책임이 있습니다.
 5. 시험시간 관리의 책임은 응시자 본인에게 있습니다.
- ※ 문제책은 시험종료 후 가지고 나갈 수 있습니다.



김수환 영어

제 4 회

※ 밑줄 친 부분의 의미와 가장 가까운 것을 고르시오. [문 1. ~ 문 4.]

문 1.

The aspiration towards some sort of rational understanding of the causal relationship is probably the best we can achieve.

- ① eagerness ② indifference
③ repulsion ④ candor

문 2.

Since childhood he was known as a shy and reserved person, who spoke little and, in what he regarded as a virtue, was very observant, being regarded by those who knew him as phenomenal in and out of the field.

- ① mediocre ② outstanding
③ despicable ④ wholesome

문 3.

He's a good-hearted fellow at bottom; and if he once takes a liking for you, he'll go through fire and water to serve you, as I know from experience.

- ① extraordinarily ② unexpectedly
③ conditionally ④ essentially

문 4.

It has been known for some time that smoking can give rise to acrylamide in human red cells that form adducts with haemoglobin.

- ① eliminate ② offset
③ generate ④ expand

문 5. 어법상 옳은 것은?

- ① Successful people decide on certain actions that will make them possible to feel confident.
② Your emotions can trick you into believing your life is far better or worse than it really is.
③ The equator is the part of the Earth that receive the most energy from the sun.
④ Most of us know that we need to do in order to live happier, healthier and more fulfilling lives.

문 6. 우리말을 영어로 가장 잘 옮긴 것은?

- ① 언론에 유출된 문서 중 하나는 보안경찰 대장에 의해 쓰여진 보고서였다.
→ One of the documents leaked to the press were a report written by the head of the security police.
② 여자 피겨 스케이팅에서 김연아의 기록을 깨는 연기는 전 세계 국가 인지도를 높였다.
→ Kim Yu-na's record-broken performance in women's figure skating raised the nation's profile worldwide.
③ 그 두 사진은 동일하지는 않지만 꽤 비슷하다.
→ The two pictures are quite similar, although not identical.
④ 워크숍마다 당신은 컨퍼런스가 시작되는 날짜에 앞서 등록하고 비용을 지불해야 합니다.
→ For each workshop, you must register and pay prior to the date which the conference begins.

문 7. 우리말을 영어로 잘못 옮긴 것은?

- ① 산기슭에서 자라는 나무는 튼튼하게 자란다.
→ A tree growing on the side of a mountain grows strong.
② 그녀는 은퇴한 이후 여행과 사진으로 바쁘게 지내고 있다.
→ Since she has retired, she kept herself busy with travel and photography.
③ 네 우편은 이틀 전에 도착했어야 하는데 아직도 여기 없다.
→ Your post should have reached us two days ago, but it still is not here.
④ 당신이 어느 부서를 관리하든, 마감기한 엄수의 중요성은 필수적이다.
→ In whichever department you are managing, the importance of keeping deadlines is essential.

문 8. 다음 글의 요지로 가장 적절한 것은?

What contributes to high expectations, above and beyond the quality of past experience, is, I think, the amount of choice and control we now have over most aspects of our lives. When I was away on vacation a few years ago in a tiny seaside town on the Oregon coast, I went into the small local grocery store to buy some ingredients for dinner. When it came to buying wine, they had about a dozen options. What I got wasn't very good, but I didn't expect to be able to get something very good, and so I was satisfied with what I got. If instead I'd been shopping in a store that offered hundreds, even thousands of options, my expectations would have been a good deal higher. Had I ended up choosing a bottle of wine of the same quality as the one that satisfied me in Oregon, I'd have been sorely disappointed.

- ① Higher expectations inevitably lead to greater disappointment.
② Our past experiences shape the way we expect our future events.
③ How much room we have for choice influences our level of expectation.
④ How much we expect from the given choices depends on our personality.

문 9. 다음 글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것은?

The ocean is ever stable and silent at its depth. The ocean is also ever-changing and active on its surface. Waves at sea represent energy that moves through the water, yet the water actually remains in the same place. Waves that originate from the deepest, most stable, and quiet part of the ocean are bigger and more powerful. All rivers rush toward the ocean. If you want to be a leader, try to study various aspects of the ocean. Remain inwardly silent while engaged in dynamic activity. Create waves of various magnitudes that move people and organizations. Draw people to you and nourish all who come. Live with a sense that you are the great director on the great stage called life.

- ① Why Are We Drawn to Those Who Resemble the Sea
- ② Stable and Dynamic Features of Ocean Water
- ③ Leaders, Take the Sea as Your Role Model
- ④ Ways to Keep Inner Peace in the Ocean of Waves

문 10. Augusta Savage에 관한 다음 글의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것은?

Augusta Savage was an eminent artist. Born in Florida in 1892, she moved to New York, where her artistic career flourished. In New York, she enhanced her artistic ability with an education at Cooper Union, a fine arts school that charged no tuition. While at the school, she received requests to make a bust of W.E.B. Du Bois, the African American leader who founded the NAACP, a political association for “colored people.” Through this work, Augusta Savage gained fame. She also proved herself to be an influential artist by teaching art to African American children. As the first director of the Harlem Community Art Center, she inspired children, many of whom are now famous artists. Savage spent nearly all of her time helping children, causing some people to criticize her own artwork as suffering in quality.

- ① It was in New York that she led a successful career as an artist.
- ② While attending a tuition-free art school, she was asked to create a bust of an African American leader.
- ③ She contributed to the foundation of a political association named NAACP.
- ④ Committed to helping kids, she was faced with criticism about the quality of her artwork.

문 11. 두 사람의 대화 중 가장 어색한 것은?

- ① A: I bought a tuna sandwich for you.
B: Thanks a million! I was starving.
- ② A: Your little daughter is so sweet.
B: Yeah. She's the apple of my eye.
- ③ A: I read your article about 16 personality types.
B: Did you? How did you like it?
- ④ A: I ruined the test! I feel terrible.
B: You look it. You must be on cloud nine.

문 12. 밑줄 친 부분에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?

A: I need to practice my dance again. I keep forgetting the steps.
B: I never forget, but my problem is that my right foot always hurts me.
A: The teacher said that if you want to be a dancer, you have to suffer the pain.
B: Yeah, but _____. I could learn to play the piano instead. My parents will let me change to piano lessons if I want.
A: Really? I would never want to give up dancing. I love it. And I will keep practicing even harder, because I always forget the steps.
B: Well, alright. Let's practice. Let's warm up together.

- ① I don't know if it is worth it
- ② I think you'll get through it all
- ③ I don't believe we can quit dancing
- ④ I'm not sure if my parents will let me

문 13. 밑줄 친 (A), (B)에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?

In regard to firewalking, people have speculated that there are supernatural powers over pain and heat, or mysterious brain chemicals that prevent burning and pain. (A), as long as you don't stand around on the coals, you will not get burned. Think of a cake in a 230°C oven. The air, the cake and the pan are all at 230°C, but only the metal pan will burn your hand. Air has very low heat capacity and also low conductivity, so you can put your hand in the oven long enough to touch the cake. The heat capacity of the cake is a lot higher than air, but since it has low conductivity you can briefly touch it without getting burned. (B), the metal pan has a heat capacity similar to the cake, but high conductivity. If you touch it, you will get burned.

- | (A) | (B) |
|-------------|-------------------|
| ① However | By and large |
| ② In short | Hence |
| ③ In fact | On the other hand |
| ④ Therefore | Instead |

문 14. 다음 글의 주제로 가장 적절한 것은?

The size of our telescopes has reshaped our theories about the size of the universe. Edwin Hubble's 100-inch telescopes were strong enough to distinguish individual stars in other galaxies, thus proving that nebulae that we thought were in our galaxy were actually in separate galaxies. Likewise, imagine a fisher throws a net into the ocean. Examining his catch, he says that no sea-creature is less than two inches long. In fact, there are many sea-creatures under two inches, but his net cannot catch them. But to him, anything uncatchable by his net does not exist. In short, what his net cannot catch isn't fish. Similarly what my telescope cannot see isn't there. The equipment used in an experiment often determines the results.

- ① impact of the technological revolution on astronomy
- ② importance of the experimental methods
- ③ development of experimental equipment
- ④ link between research tools and research objectives

문 15. 주어진 글 다음에 이어질 글의 순서로 가장 적절한 것은?

Ask people "How similar are you to others?" and on average they will answer "Not very." We tend to think we are above average or wholly unsusceptible to social influences.

- (A) But when we choose that very option ourselves, we have no shortage of perfectly good reasons for why we just happen to be doing the same thing as those other people; they mindlessly accept, but we mindfully choose.
- (B) We usually think that other people share a lot of similarities and that they don't seem to be all that different from one another. They shop at the same stores, watch the same TV shows, and listen to the same music.
- (C) It means that we regularly fail to recognize that others' thoughts and behaviors are just as complex and varied as our own. We may believe that we are the only conscious being in a crowd, but in fact, others are also conscious individuals.

- ① (B)-(A)-(C) ② (C)-(A)-(B)
- ③ (B)-(C)-(A) ④ (C)-(B)-(A)

문 16. 다음 글의 흐름상 가장 어색한 문장은?

To explain creativity, we first need to agree on what it is, and this turns out to be surprisingly difficult. All of the social sciences face the task of defining concepts that seem everyday and familiar. ① Psychologists argue over the definitions of intelligence, emotion, and memory; sociologists argue over the definitions of group, social movement, and institution. ② But defining creativity may be one of the most difficult tasks facing the social sciences, because everybody wants to believe he's creative. ③ People sometimes use "creativity" as a term of accusation, such as when they have a strict routine to follow. ④ It turns out that what gets called creative has varied according to the historical and cultural period. Psychologists have sometimes wondered if we'll ever reach a consensus about creativity, and even whether it is a useful subject for scientific study at all.

문 17. 주어진 문장이 들어갈 위치로 가장 적절한 것은?

That is what made Hannibal a brilliant strategist: he would always think first of the givens — the makeup of his own army and of the enemy's, the terrain, his troops' morale, the weather, etc.

War is a balance of ends and means: a general might have the best plan to achieve a certain end, but unless he has the means to accomplish it, his plan is worthless. (①) Wise generals through the ages, then, have learned to begin by examining the means they have at hand and then to develop their strategy out of those tools. (②) That would give him the foundation not only for his plan of attack but for the ends he wanted to achieve in this particular encounter. (③) Instead of being locked into a way and result of fighting, he constantly adjusted his ends to his means. (④) That was the strategic advantage he used again and again.

문 18. Diwali 축제에 관해 다음 글의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것은?

Diwali is a major Indian festive holiday, and a significant festival in Hinduism and Jainism which was refounded by Lord Mahavira in India. Many legends are associated with Diwali. Today it is celebrated by Hindus and Jains across the globe as the “Festival of Light,” where the lights or lamps signify victory of good over evil within every human being. The festival is also celebrated by Buddhists of Nepal, particularly the Newar Buddhists. According to another theory it may have originated as a harvest festival, marking the last harvest of the year before winter. In an agrarian society this results in businessmen closing accounts, and beginning a new accounting year. The Goddess of wealth in Hinduism, Lakshmi, is therefore thanked on this day and everyone prays for a good year ahead. This is the common factor in Diwali celebrations all over the Indian subcontinent.

- ① 겨울 전 마지막 추수를 기념하는 추수 축제에서 비롯되었다는 설이 있다.
- ② 네팔의 불교도들 또한 이 축제를 기념한다.
- ③ ‘빛의 축제’라고도 기념되며, 여기서 빛은 인간의 마음 속 사악함을 선이 이기는 것을 뜻한다.
- ④ 자이나교의 부의 여신인 Lakshmi에게 감사하는 축제이다.

문 19. 밑줄 친 (A), (B)에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?

After observing the “care” given the aged in the United States, I can only conclude that personalization in that culture involves not only the acquisition of certain symbols and statuses but also the achievement of a series of successes. By that token, an individual who fails or who has (A) the capacity to succeed is considered less a person, because he or she has withdrawn from the success mechanism. Old people in the United States, because they have withdrawn or have been displaced from the occupational system, are deprived of the ability to succeed or fail; they are seen as scarcely persons at all — unless they can still symbolize their past success by continued consumption capability. In this way an individual’s (B) of consumption capability, even after he or she has withdrawn from the success machinery, is taken as an adequate substitute for success, because, through this consumption, an indispensable service is rendered to the economy.

- | | |
|------------|-------------|
| <u>(A)</u> | <u>(B)</u> |
| ① lost | retention |
| ② achieved | loss |
| ③ acquired | recovery |
| ④ given up | abandonment |

문 20. 밑줄 친 부분에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?

According to Jack Goody, an English anthropologist who has studied the role of flowers in most of the world’s culture — East and West, past and present — the love of flowers is almost, but not quite universal. The ‘not quite’ refers to Africa, where flowers play almost no part in religious observances or everyday social rituals. Africans seldom grow domesticated flowers, and it’s hard to find flower imagery in African art or religion. Apparently when Africans speak or write about flowers, it is usually with an eye to the promise of fruit rather than the thing itself. Goody offers an economic explanation for the absence of a culture of flowers in Africa. He says that people can’t afford to pay attention to flowers until they have enough to eat. Thus, a well-developed culture of flowers is _____.

- ① a tradition that many African tribes have long cherished
- ② a symbol that stands for the economic growth of African countries
- ③ a luxury that most of Africa has historically not been able to support
- ④ an achievement that African artists have made through the long struggle